

# ANNUAL REPORT : 2016-17



**BADLAO**  
**FOUNDATION**

INITIATIVE FOR CHANGE

# OUR ACTIVITIES



# **ANNUAL REPORT 2016-17**

## **Badlao Foundation**

Mihijam, Jamtara, Jharkhand

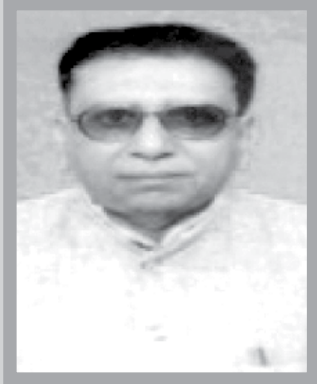
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## *Message From Founder Secretary*



I feel proud to say that the year 2016 – 17 is a landmark year. This year, Badlao Foundation has completed its 35 years of journey of social action for the uplift of underprivileged and marginalized communities in SanthalPargana districts of Jharkhand State.

Although 35 years has been a very long time, the memory of the day when some of us decided to establish this organization, is still fresh in my mind. Today, we have been able to achieve recognition as one of the important voluntary organizations in our state. In the process, we have also been able to help the growth of many other organizations in SanthalPargana, having with a similar vision, mission and objectives.

We had begun this journey with the objective to support the people who had suffered displacement due to the construction of the Maithon dam. As the years rolled on, our work expanded and today we work not only in Jamtara district, but also in five other districts of tribal-dominated State of Jharkhand. The focus of our work has been the promotion of welfare of the Tribals, and empowerment of women. Today, many of our women members have been involved in the mainstream village development process and some of them have been elected as representatives of the Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs). The women have also taken lead to form a Mutual Benefit Trust (MBT) for their own development, and this has been one of the laudable achievement of Badlao Foundation.

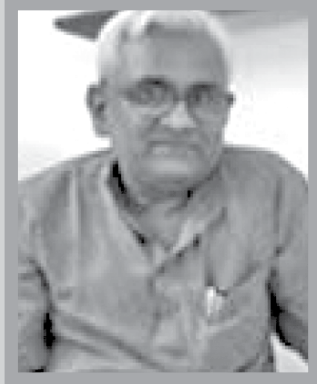
As the founder of this organization, I am indeed proud of our workers, support staff and board members, who, during these last 35 years, have made their contribution to make our dream a reality. It has been my honored responsibility to introduce the annual report, every year. This year again, I feel very pleased to have witnessed one more year of action and success, which have been outlined in this report.

I would like to advice our workers, never to loose and to continue their effort and struggle till the success is achieved. The very motto of Badlao Foundation is 'change'. Through this process of change and social transformation, we hope to see a better tomorrow than what it is today.

**Bajrang Singh**

## *President's Message*

Hon'ble Members, Esteemed Colleagues, Well Wishers, Community People and the Stakeholders



It is our pleasure that people have given us the chance and opportunity to do some good things for the marginalized communities in the backward pockets of Santhal Pargana region of the State of Jharkhand. We have the privilege to present this Annual report for the year 2016-17. During this year, we have also completed our 35 years of journey. In these years of service, we have been able to do some good work, despite facing many challenges.

Our organization has undertaken different developmental activities especially in the field of livelihood promotion for the underprivileged communities. We are also playing a vital role through their active participation and continuous awareness building programs towards social change.

During the year, we have also organized different Seminars and Workshops involving community leaders, local dignitaries and Government officials to enhance mutual understanding and cooperation in developmental activities. We have also promoted some cultural activities and sports and games among the children.

In all its works and activities, the focus of Badlao Foundation has been to uplift the women and make them self-reliant. We have full faith in their true potential. In fact, in the year 2016, the country has witnessed the true capabilities of the women of our nation, especially in sports, at the Rio de Janeiro Olympics, through PV Sindhu, Sakshi Malik and Dipa Karmakar. There have even been many physically-challenged women athletes contesting at the para-olympics, Dipa Malik being one of them. Not only in sports, I thought women were a part of every sphere of workplace. I hope women would keep on contributing to the overall objectives of Badlao Foundation.

In the end, I must convey my gratitude to all of our well wishers, our board members, Govt. officials, staff, volunteers and above all the community for their continuous support and guidance.

Thank you

**Ashok Bhai**

## *From The Desk of the Secretary*



One more Annual Report, and end of one more year; it does make me wonder how time flies so fast. The years roll one and this year the BADLAO FOUNDATION has attained the age of 35. It is my privilege to once again to share my views and reflections as the secretary of BADLAO Foundation, as we stand not only at the end of yet another productive year, but also at the completion of 35 years of our work of bringing about a change in the society around us. Creating a societal transformation into a more equality and equity-based, self-reliant and gender-just society has always been our goal. Today we work to improve the status of the tribals, in the Santhal Parganas region of the State of Jharkhand, by providing training to women and youth, so that they could secure their livelihoods. Women empowerment has been one of our prime objectives. We have categorized our grass root interventions in two broad areas –(i) Promotion of sustainable Livelihoods including Education, Health and Nutrition and (ii) strengthening PRIs and local development and governance. Our monitoring team has always kept an eye on progress on these core issues to make it great success with in a period of five years.

I should make a special mention of our success in this year towards securing for the tribal people their rights over forest lands in accordance with the provisions of “Recognition of Forest Rights Act 2006”. Through our project intervention, altogether 124 forest dwellers have been able to receive patta after claiming their right from the concerned department. We consider it as one of our great achievement.

I convey my appreciation to all who helped BADLAO function effectively throughout these 35 years. Without them, BADLAO wouldn't have been, what it is today. I also want to thank the Government of India as well as the Government of Jharkhand for providing us the opportunity for carrying out developmental work, this region. Our donors and other associates also deserve to be acknowledged, because without their help and coordination, BADLAO could not have worked in fulfilling its mission. Last but not the least, I want to thank the Board of Trustees, Board of Advisors and workers of BADLAO, for their selfless and dedicated contribution. We also feel grateful to all our beneficiaries for having kept faith in us and considering us their dependable ally.

We now stand at the start of 2017-18, with plans and enthusiasm to move ahead and face every new challenge. We hope to be successful in all our endeavors', making the coming year, more fruitful and memorable than the previous ones.

We believe that with the help and goodwill of all, the BADLAO FOUNDATION will keep on working with the same zest, in the years to come.

**Arvind**



### ORGANIZATIONAL INFORMATION

Name of the Organisation	BADLAO FOUNDATION	
Type of Organisation	NGO (Voluntary Organisation)	
Address	At + Post: Mihijam, Dist- Jamtara -815354 Jharkhand   Phone: 0341-2535103, 91-06433-228592 www.badlao.org.in	
City	Mihijam	
State	Jharkhand	
Email	badlaofoundation@rediffmail.com, badlaofoundation1982@gmail.com	
Registration Details	Registered under Trust Act 1882 Vide Registration. No. - 131/82-83 PAN NO-AAATB2137K Dated 30.3.1985 FCRA No. 337830005 on 24.12.2002 Income Tax Registration U/S 12AA - 15/8485/4161-63	
Contact Person	Mr. Arvind, Secretary, Badlao Foundation	
Branch Offices	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. At: Domdih Post: Sunderpahari</li> <li>2. At Machhkole, Beldaha Post: Jarmundi</li> <li>3. At Kewatjali, Via Mihijam</li> <li>4. At Korapara Via Mihijam</li> <li>5. At Karanpura, Post Budhai Via Madhupur</li> <li>6. At Jamtara ,Mihijam Road</li> <li>7. At Litipara, Pakuar</li> <li>8. At Barhet ,Sahebanj</li> </ol> <p><b>State Office</b> <b>BITM</b> Loknayak Path Arsande, Kanke, Ranchi, Phone no: 0651-2450372</p> <p><b>Liaison Office</b> Room No. 403, Dream Land 1/18 B, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi</p>	<p>Godda</p> <p>Dumka</p> <p>Jamtara</p> <p>Jamtara</p> <p>Jamtara</p> <p>Deoghar</p> <p>Jamtara</p> <p>Pakur</p> <p>Sahebanj</p> <p>Ranchi</p> <p>New Delhi</p>

# Organizational Profile

## GENESIS

Badlao" which literally means "Change".Badlao Foundation was formally registered in 1982. Later on, to promote Tasar spinning , it got affiliated to Khadi and Village Industries Commission, Government of India in 1985. Today the organization serves tribals , scheduled castes and other excluded communities in the districts of Santhal Pargana region of Jharkhand.

## VISION

Badlao Foundation stands for equality and equity based gender-just socially transformed and self-reliant society.

## MISSION

Badlao Foundation endeavors to empower people through participatory efforts to achieve social transformation, self-reliance, gender justice and to ensure ecological balance.

## CORE VALUES

- Change
- Self reliance
- Human Dignity
- Ecological Balance
- Participatory Development
- Equality and equity based society.

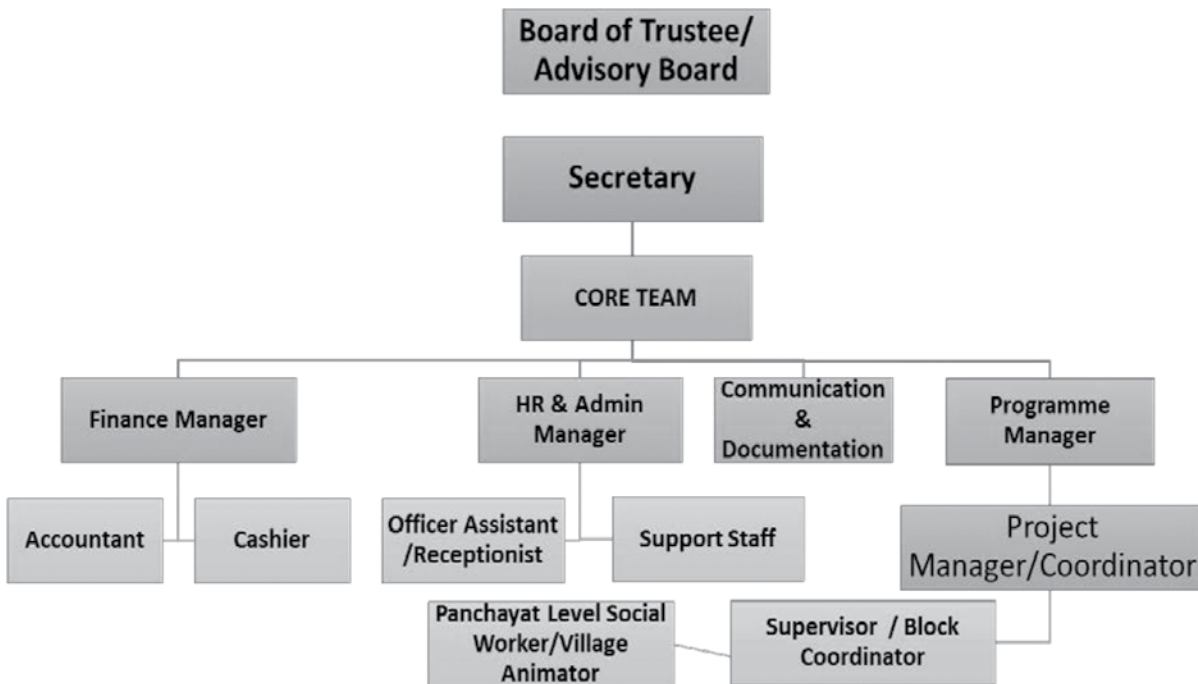
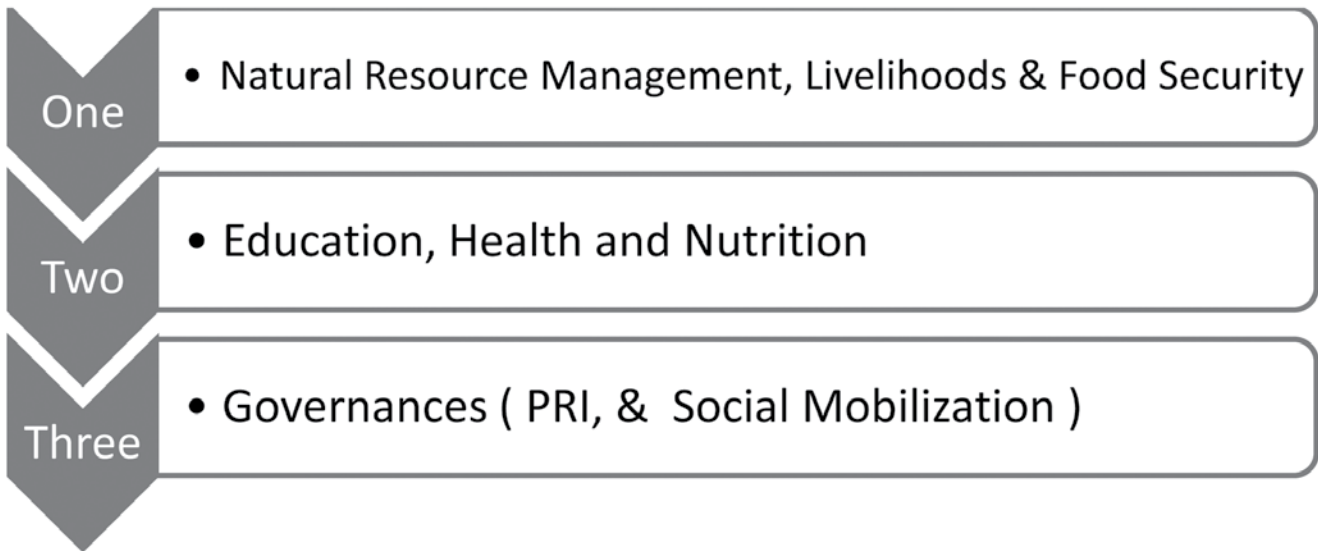
## TARGET GROUP

Badlao Foundation has been rendering its services to rural population, especially Santhal & Paharia tribes, Dalits and other backward class people who live below poverty line.

## AREA OF OPERATION

Badlao Foundation started its operation initially at Mihijam. After a few years of dedicated work with Santhals, Paharias and other poor people in Mihijam (Jamtara Block- Jamtara District) and general exposure to other areas of Santhal Parganas, it could realize the scope & need for addressing issues through micro-level planning in broader periphery. And hence it thought up of expanding its intervening base. While its original operational area Mihijam and other adjacent areas have an industrial footing, Domdih (Sunderpahari block – Godda district) is forest based and hilly being the abode of a primitive tribe called Sauria Paharia where as Karanpura (Madhupur block- Deoghar district) is agriculture based and Machkol (Jarmundi block- Dumka district) is upland, denuded of forest cover.

Obviously the focus of actions for all these areas was different though community organization and sustainable livelihood for food security were the major goal. In addition to general concerns on health and education in all the areas, specific attention to specific issues in all these areas was attended to. In Mihijam (Kewatjali) Health and Education was more focused. In Karanpura Eco-friendly Sustainable Agriculture was the first choice. Regeneration of water and its equitable Distribution was the priority area for Sunderpahari region. In Machkol area creation of Vegetation and biomass based livelihood-system development was of utmost choice.



# Broad Thematic Areas of Our Work

## 1. Promotion of sustainable livelihoods (including education, health & nutrition):

The organization has its experience in the last 35 years with diverse livelihood activities in order to improve the living pattern and income generation for rural and tribal household. Promotion of sustainable agriculture, maximum utilization of non-timber forest resources and watershed management are the outstanding features towards securing livelihood among the rural mass. In the recent years we have started to make people understand the impact of changing climate in their livelihood and the organization also taken some measures to cope with changing climatic pattern.

Organization works for livelihood security especially on tribal community development and ensure the tribal rights over the natural and forest resources emphasizing on land, water and forest. These are taken as key activities to make them aware on their rights and entitlements on awareness generation, Motivational camp, and Public information centre (PIC) etc. These are ultimately leading their livelihood options.

**Climate Change:** Badlao is now very much thoughtful with this global issue. To keep an eco friendly environment we have been taken a lot of initiative. Organic farming, construction of vermin compost pit, developing awareness on the related issues is the outstanding feature of our work. The adaptive measure also been taken to encourage the rural communities for utilizing improved technologies which reduce emission. Solar and other eco friendly things are been introduced among the rural people. Solar

technology have also been promoted and built their capacity for an alternative source of energy.

## 2. Strengthening the PR Is and the Local Governance:

Issues of Awareness-Public schemes like Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MNREGA), JananiSurakshaYojna (JSY), JananiSishuSurakhyaKaryakram (JSSK), Indira AwasYojna (IAY), Integrated Child Development Schemes (ICDS) and Indira Gandhi Pension Schemes are being emphasized during the camp. Beside these other current social issues i.e., climate change, drought and water scarcity are also included.

**MahilaSabha:** BADLAO first made women's organization when did it start working in Sundarpahari block because we believe that making a women's organization is utmost necessary before performing any developmental work. It speaks for gender balancing and equal participation also. BADLAO formed 32 women's organizations in 21 villages under threepanchayats of Bara Sindari, Chandana and Tilabad, in the Sundarpahari block of Godda district. Number of female members are 341. They conduct a meeting every month. They discuss about the social security measures, ways to take part in village welfare activities and regular saving habits. The total savings of 32 Organizations are Rs.458650 till December 2016. They use this amount to increase their livelihood options. They take loans from organizations at 2% rate of interest per month and buy mahua, invest in sericulture or kitchen gardening. Thus, they earn about Rs. 22000 per year.

# Programmatic Intervention

Content of Programs					
Sl. No.	Name of the project	District	Block	No. of Villages	No. of House holds
<b>Empowering local rural and tribal self Government Institutions</b>					
1	Empowering Tribal Communities to Address Their Poverty Through Improved Access to Indian Public Services. ( Funder Find Your Feet, U.K)	Jamtara	Jamtara	30	2700
		Godda	Sunder pahari	30	2700
2	Initiative for Transparent & Accountable Governance System in Jharkhand ( Funder WHH Germany)	Sahebjung	Barhait	50	9430
<b>Livelihood, Sustainable Development and Circular Economy</b>					
3	Jharkhand Tribal Empowerment Livelihood Program ( Funded by JTDS ,State Govt. of Jharkhand)	Jamtara	Jamtara	35	5425
4	Sustainable Development of Livelihood & Adaptive Response to Climate Change ( Funder KKS Germany)	Godda	Sunder pahari	8	330
5	Integrated Watershed Management Program, NABARD-RIDF-Dumka I 2015-16 ( Funded by Govt. of Jharkhand)	Dumka	Masaliya	42	4210
		Pakur	Littipara	56	5300
6	WADI Project ( funded by NABARD Ranchi)	Jamtara	Jamtara	20	300
7	Increasing People's Access and Tenure Rights over Forest Resources ( Funded by OXFAM India)	Godda	Sunder pahari	21	1794
<b>Total</b>				<b>292</b>	<b>32189</b>

# Promotion of Sustainable Livelihoods

## 1. JTELP (Jharkhand Tribal Employment Livelihood Program):-

In this regard in association with Jharkhand Tribal Development society (JTDS), our organization started Jharkhand tribal empowerment and livelihood programme (JTELP) in Jamtara block of Jamtara District in the year 2015. Badlao started its work in more than 100 villages in Jamtara, Godda and Pakur District through CBOs, SHGs and village watershed committee to improve irrigation facilities, moisture conservation and assortment in agriculture intervention.

Under MGNREGA and Soil Conservation Department, a total amount of Rs.10765394.00 has been approved for the financial year 2016-17. JTDS (Jharkhand Tribal Development Society) has performed the following activities under

- Two Poultry shades have been constructed in Chandana village with Rs. 39000.00. A pond has been constructed with Rs. 50000.00. Other ponds at Borwa, Jolo, Tarobandh have been constructed with Rs. 2 Lakh under this project.
- Besides that, 64 solar lamps have been distributed from the panchayat to the villagers under Lighting Project. The total costing was Rs.166400.00.
- At the village level, 5 street solar lamps have been sanctioned by the Forest Department for the villages of Chandana, Borwa and Monadihi.

# RA & NTFP based livelihood - Oxfam India project

BADLAO Foundation, is working to ensure the natural improvement and development among the lives of the tribal and other backward castes, according to the "Recognition of Forest Rights Act 2006". About 124 Tribal and other forest dwellers have got IFR according to the 'Recognition of Forest Rights Act 2006' till date. The total area is 39.58 acres. After getting IFR, people started producing Rabi, Kharif and Dalhan crops in these lands, thus securing their livelihoods. They are cultivating wheat, mustard, Arhar, kalai, Makai (corn), etc. Before getting IFR, they used to harvest only rice, but now they have started multiple farming and have increased their income by Rs. 10,000 to 12,000 per year by producing brinjals, tomatoes, chillis, potatoes, radish etc.

About 124 Tribal and other forest dwellers have got IFR according to the "Recognition of Forest Rights Act 2006" till date and about 136 are yet to achieve the same in the Oxfam Project area. With this target, we have started searching in 21 villages to find those people who were previously farmers on forest lands and could be made to apply for IFR. In convergence, we have joined them with following schemes and agencies:-

## IFR till 28.12.2016 :

IFR pre Pared	Submitted to FRC	Submitted to SDLC	Submitted to DLC	Approved	Area in acre	Rejected
640	49	180	138-19	105+19	39.58	130

**Note:-** Total Approved IFR 23 of 12.50 acre Out of Project area Up to 30th September 2016 and 40 prepared IFR submitted to SDLC level Up to 28 Dec 2016.

## CFR till 28.12.2016:

**Watershed Management:** This is an important activity of BADLAO in order to combat soil erosion in the undulating region of Santhal Pargana. Soil and moisture conservation activities include trenching, boulder checks, gully plugs and promoting vegetation on the upper catchment areas. The Foundation running projects especially in terrain & hilly operational land where resources are very scarce. Land development activity includes construction of bunds, small water harvesting structure and plantation. Around 125 Acre of land brought under plantation, 124 farmers have received their land title under FRA and are in the process to cultivate.

CFR prepared	Submitted to FRC	Submitted to SDLC	Submitted to DLC	Approved	Area in acre	Rejected
04	04	0	0	04	1185.11	0

**Organic Farming:** In order to maintain natural resource and ensure food security among the common mass, Organic farming is one of the key component and major activity of the Foundation. Badlao Foundation always believes to preserve eco friendly environment. Following the rapid use of chemical pesticide the fertility of land are become decreased. So to strengthen the fertility of land and to ensure easy availability of organic ingredients Badlao started to procure organic compost manure pit in the target villages and community as a whole by monitoring the entire process. On the other hand the

small & marginal farmers are getting the organic fertilizer which is very cost effective and potential to retain the fertility of land and also to achieve their food security.

S.No.	Name of Village	No. of Beneficiaries of Chili Cultivation	No. of Beneficiaries of Machan Cultivation	Total Production of Chilli (Kg)	Amount (Rs.)	Total Production of Vegetable through Machan (Kg)	Amount (Rs.)
1	Gokhladih	7	10	1188	59358	3372	85829
2	Charedih	3	0	509	25439	0	0
3	Karmatarn	45	4	7640	381586	1140	29012
4	Madandih	0	4	0	0	1551	39472
5	Bagradih	3	0	509	25439	0	0
6	Mojra	10	4	1698	84797	1446	34331
7	Bodma	4	3	679	33919	1012	25749
8	Jitpur	5	4	849	42398	1241	34331
9	Fuljori	0	6	0	0	2225	56638
10	Sapdiha	2	0	340	16959	0	0
11	Kewatjali	5	1	849	42398	337	8583
12	Kusiyara	13	6	2207	110236	1821	46356
13	Bhaga	7	3	1188	59358	1112	28294
14	Mejhiya	6	1	1019	50878	438	11147
15	Nitaidih	3	1	509	25439	245	6235
16	Kuldangal	12	3	2037	101756	912	23204
	<b>Total</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>21223</b>	<b>1059960</b>	<b>16853</b>	<b>429182</b>
<b>Average Kg/Income</b>			<b>170</b>	<b>8480</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>8584</b>	
Note :- Average Net Income for Chilli cultivation 6265 per/farmer in 10-12 decimal							
Note :- Average Net Income for machan cultivation 6789 per/farmer in 10-15 decimal							

### Box: Key Highlights

- Plantation work has been completed in 125 acres of land
- 200 chicks are distributed to the 5 groups (women farmers) for poultry farming
- Different water harvesting structures have been constructed which includes ponds, jalkunds, wells etc.
- In the household level, kitchen garden is being promoted for enabling food security and ensuring nutritious food. Farmers are being supported for vegetable cultivation to ensure food security. Different types of seeds such as - Chilli, Cucumber, Bitter guard, French bean, Okra, Tomato, Brinjal, Radish, Pumpkin and paddy seeds are being purchased and distributed at all new and old Wadi areas.
- Wheat and mustard seeds have been distributed in 10 villages of WADI area.
- Land leveling has been done for tribal farmers for cultivation.
- 10 Vermi compost pit have been constructed in Wadi areas.

### Box: Success Story

The livelihood of Shr Mahendra Marandi and wife Shrimati Sumi Murmu, of Tilabad village, is mostly dependent on agriculture. In Tilabad village, BADLAO Foundation, with the help of Oxfam India, had started to make the villagers aware about the “Recognition of Forest Rights Act 2006”. It was during this time that Mahendra Marandi talked to us about cultivation on his inherited land, and told us that he had not received any legal right on the land. He asked us to help him. Our workers & volunteers helped in preparing his application for ‘patta’. Then, with all documents, a 90 dismal forest land was claimed. A few days later, he received the claim of 90 dismal forest land in his own as well as wife’s name. With that, he was very happy, since he earned his livelihood from agriculture only. He does seasonal cultivation- during the monsoons, he cultivates radish, mustard, potato, wheat, brinjal and chilli. This time he invested Rs.4000 in cultivating potatoes. He profited Rs.2900. In one part of the land he had received as ‘patta’, he has also planted mustard and “arhar” seeds. The crops are now ready to be harvested. Now he says that after coming under the Oxfam India project, he also learned about the forest rights laws. Now, in the village-level meetings, he plays an active role. Under the Jharkhand Tribal Development Plan, he has also got the right to construct a shed for pig rearing. From the block, he has also received mustard seeds. Now he says that in his village whoever wants to claim his right, that is, his individual forested land, he wants to co-ordinate with him and help him in the meetings of Forest Rights Association and Gram Sabha. His wife has got associated with the women groups and for her livelihood, uses her capital in doing simple businesses. They also buy ‘mahua’, ‘kurthi’ and sell them when the cost increases. Now she is also taking part in the social activities.

# WADI Project supported by NABARD

Intercropping & orchard based livelihood: To ensure food security and livelihood options among the poor Tribal, the Foundation took the initiative on intercropping and orchard development. 300 tribal families in 13 villages those who are having 1 – 2 acres or even less land, growing orchard surrounded by forest species. This is being done through participatory approach. These 300 acres of land are being covered with Mango, Guava and forest plantation, such as Gamhar, Mehegni and Lambo for fencing. The members of SHGs are very much active and done a great job on preparation of compost manure pit and production of organic fertilizers. Farmers club and WADI Committee are primarily entrusted for proper implementation of the work.



## Distribution of Karaknath chick

Machan & Crippler cultivation: This is one of the major program with an objective to livelihood promotion among our targeted beneficiaries. In association with Vikash Bazar Net the women farmers are engage in Chilly and crippler cultivation which is giving them a sustainable income to ensure their livelihood. The village wise cultivation and total income of the beneficiaries are as follows;



## SHG Program at Chandradeepa

### Under the support of KKS, Germany

330 paharia tribal families/household and community of Sundarpahari block of Godda District are now engage in sustainable development of livelihood and adaptive response to climate change.

#### a) Overall Objectives:

The primitive tribal communities in Jharkhand exist with dignity and in harmony with nature in their traditional settlement areas

#### b) Specific Objective:

The entire population of the target project villages - 8 villages (Champa in Panchayat - Paharpur; and Telvitta, Senakatar, Tamligoda, Leeladhoni, Dumarkajri and Goga in Panchayat - Kairasol) enjoy improved living conditions by tapping climate change resistant livelihood opportunities

**S01:** 330 BPL families have increased their annual income by at least INR 2500 (10% of their average current income)

**S02:** Migration reduced by 20 days in a year from the current rate of migration

**S03:** Improved food security of households by at least one month (impact of increased agro production)

**S04:** Increase in yield of major crops like maize, pulses, millets and chick pea by 25%

The project covers 330 Households in 8 villages.

**1868**

### **Result 1**

330 BPL Paharia families from 8 villages will increase their income and food security through safeguard & sustainable utilization of the natural resources, sustainable agricultural practices and other income generation activities based on animal husbandry and NTFP.

### **Result 2**

All 330 Paharia households from 8 villages utilize secure drinking water, sustainable source of water for daily use & renewable energy saving devices for cooking & lighting.

### **Result 3**

Self help structures of 330 of BPL Paharia families from 8 villages implement the project activities and other development activities with support of the PRI members.

### **Under Result 1**

Soil and Water conservation activities on 320 acres. The Soil conservation activities will include all the areas presently under cultivation. The WHS (Water Harvesting Structures) will be done in selected places of the cultivable areas that include: 2 weirs; 5 Jalkunds - small pond, 3 spring wells, and 4 water recharge tanks along with 110 acres of land leveling.

- Soil and Water conservation activities in 320 acres – includes 2 Weirs, 5 Jalkund, 3 Spring Wells, 4 Water Recharge Tanks

Construction of Two Weirs will be done in Telvitta (PradhanTola) area that is habitation of 90 households. These 2 weirs will be constructed in these areas that will help promoting mixed cropping in 10-12 acres (approx) and Sustainable agriculture practice in 9 acres (approx).

Additional Four (total-5) Jalkunds (Small Pond)

will be constructed in suitable locations where the Arjun trees will be planted to help irrigate the plants when required. The first Jalkund at Leeladhoni village of 30 households has been completed. Spot located for Jalkund shows a location advantage of slope. Thin stream like flow of water (even 2-3 months after Rainy Season) continues & passes by to lower areas & disappears in its course of downward flow. The endeavor of construction of Spring Well will be taken up in TelvittaPradhanTola, Tamligora and Dumarkajri villages (one in each village). There are perennial springs passing nearby the aforesaid villages which are currently used by the people for different purposes including bathing and irrigation purpose.

Water Recharge Tank will be taking up in 4 villages named as Telvitta, Leeladhoni, Goga and Tamligora (One in each village). The water in these tanks can be irrigated to Plantations in all the concerned villages especially 3 acres (approx) in Goga, 4 acres in Tamligora, 2 acres in Leeladhoni and Telvitta 2 acres (approx). Ultimately, when renovated during further years, it will have capacity to retain more water and thus ensure a number of obvious benefits for the habitants of those localities including bathing of livestock as well.

- Plantation and natural regeneration in 80 acres of land.

Plantation activities have been revised given the past experience of poor survival of plants in the hilly villages. Therefore the project team in consultation with the local community has developed a plan with indicators for allied activities under the project.

- 320 Double cropping in 100 acres of land Out of the 320 of treated land, 100 acres will be used from double cropping depending upon availability of water. In fact, in some of lands – rain fed farming will be taken up. Double cropping will be taken in areas around water harvesting structure areas. With provision of water through proposed process (as decided in project plan), beneficiaries will

opt for 2nd crop – especially Cow Pea and Vegetables.

Since majority of locality is rain fed and people are still not acquainted with process of water management through water harvesting structures, the task has been restricted to 100 acres only depending upon possibility of access to water resources.

50% of target families practice at least one of the promoted sustainable agricultural practices on 100 acres of land.

- Supplementary livelihood activities based on NTFP/Animal husbandry

This chapter includes promotion of NTFP and Animal Husbandry based activities which is also very suitable to the environment and living style of the Paharia in their existing habitat areas. This will be promoted through the following

### **1. Animal Husbandry (Rearing and Marketing)**

Animal husbandry support – esp. support for Goatery, Poultry & Piggery will be taken up depending upon need of families and assessing backyard environment of the each household in the locality. 250 households (Goatery-100, Piggery and Poultry -100 and Poultry – 50) out of 330 households will be provided support for Animal Husbandry.

#### **1. NTFP Collection**

Even though the collection of NTFP is taken for a very short period over a year, yet it is integrally related to the food security and livelihood of the tribal's. Sometimes, even though they collect huge quantities but use to sell those in throw away price due to lack of storing facilities.

During process of orientation to beneficiaries on Plantation and Forest Management they will gain knowledge on natural vegetation, safe keeping of planted saplings including plants like Arjun, Neem and Karanj etc. that is also a great source of income for Paharias. Beneficiaries will be primarily mobilized to gather their collected items at a place in their own village and store in their own village. To keep the materials free from

damaging attack of insects and ants they will use Chuna (lime) which is cheaply available in the nearby weekly market.

Based on the experience of the last year and the recommendation of KKS, the project team has developed a revised plan for supplementary activities for the Pahariya tribes. While animal husbandry – goat rearing is still coming out as an enterprise that most households are willing to take up, Badlao Foundation will make efforts to see that they avail good quality goats and bucks through convergence under NRLM. The other activities identified include sericulture, Mahua flower collection and marketing as well as small shops. Sericulture is not being taken up on a larger scale due to non availability of adequate number of disease free trees in the villages.

#### **• Kitchen gardening**

Kitchen garden will be promoted in each family with the minimum land size of 10'X10'. The water to the kitchen gardens will be by water harvested through roof top water harvesting structures. Each family will be mobilized to take care of promoting vegetable cultivation in their gardens over years.

With support of Community Resource Persons, the beneficiaries will be mobilized and supported from time to time to take up Vegetable Cultivation – more particularly of green vegetables including bitter gourd, green gourd, pumpkin, brinjal, ladies finger etc. It will be encouraged and made aware to cultivate vegetable as per season (winter, summer etc.) and ensure high yield with improved varieties by the process of organic farming. Plants like papaya, drumstick, banana etc. will be promoted in the kitchen garden to provide good nutrition.

### **Under Result 2**

All 330 Paharia households from 8 villages utilize secure drinking water, sustainable source of water for daily use and renewable energy saving devices for cooking and lighting.

#### **1) Repair of drinking water sources.**

10 drinking water sources in 8 villages repaired and provide all year round safe drinking water to the entire population. For ensuring safe drinking water and recharge the existing water resources, repair and renovation of 10 existing stream/wells will be taken up. This will provide safe drinking water to them throughout the year (that too in Rainy Season) and will also enable them to use the same for domestic purpose also.

## **2) Providing smokeless chullahs.**

All 330 households will be provided who will use smokeless Chullah for cooking as well as water heating capability. It will save both – Health of Women and the Environment from the hazards of smoke that emerge from the kitchen due to use of wood and will reduce use of wood i.e. at least 12 kgs. per day per family.

As well this will also reduce pressure on forest – caused due to collection of fuel wood and will reduce of drudgery on the part of women caused due to time and labor used for collection of fire wood.

## **3) Providing solar lanterns.**

All 330 households will use solar lamps. As a result children can study in the night and there will be no fear of insects and snakes in the night. The Solar Lantern that will be issued to the villagers will be procured from local outlets of Jharkhand Renewable Energy Development Authority at Ranchi and Deoghar.

In fact, after providing Solar Lantern the users will be oriented on use of the Solar Lantern. The orientation on use and maintenance to the user will be continued at least for one month.

## **4) Providing roof top harvesting structure.**

Construction of Roof Top Water Harvesting Tanks (100 Nos. Size 3m X 3m x 1.5 m each plastic (250 GSM thick) lined will be undertaken to extend support to ensure storing of water for the purpose of domestic use and especially to use the same in Kitchen Garden. Each tank has the capacity of storing 12000 liters of water.

It is one of the most congenial processes of harnessing rain water for common purpose use which is also too safe and convenient for the use of Women at home. It will above all reduce the drudgery of women who use to collect water from a distance and even went to a distant area i.e. to the streams and rivulets at a distance.

For the construction and maintenance of these structures, the organization will hire technical guidance and support from locally available experts (more possibly in coordination with DRDA i.e District Rural Development Authority) that install and ensure check and guide for one month by visit the field once in a week. The field staff and Community Resource Persons will accompany to coordinate them.

## **Under Result 3**

Self help structures of 330 of BPL Paharia families from 8 villages implement the project activities and other development activities with the support of the PRI members.

### **1) Women SHG formation.**

8 women SHG formed by the project for micro-credit activities including income generation. The members will have access to savings and credit schemes launched by NABARD and other nationalized banks. The habitants of proposed villages are unable to access their privileges and entitlements since they are much unorganized.

To promote enabling environment for mainstreaming women and to enable them uptake optimally their privileges and entitlements – Self Help Groups will be formed. Through continuous mobilization supported by orientation and awareness by a continuous process of training, exposure etc. their attitude will be change and knowhow will be promoted.

### **2) Formation of Watershed Committee.**

8 watershed committees formed by the project plan and implement the watershed activities manage & maintain the "commons properties" created by the project according to the land use plans.

Watershed Committee will enable people to maintain the commons properties in a well regulated manner to ensure optimal benefits ensuring proper maintenance and management. This will help in gaining benefits even during post project period. The Project Holder will facilitate in formation of Watershed Committee by enabling the Water Users to form a committee in each village

### **3) Development of Community Resource Persons**

Two community resource persons per village and One barefoot veterinary Cadre are trained in sustainable agriculture; animal health and immunization pass on their knowledge and serve as resource persons for the farmers.

Promoting community level resource persons owes to the fact that the beneficiaries have not yet been exposed to any development initiatives in their locality till date may become reluctant to receive the instructions from any outsider due to language problem. Any person from their locality/community can best help them realize concept and perceptions of the project.

### **4) Participation of Women in various Panchayat level Committees**

SHG (one from each project village) will be members of various Panchayat level committees like VHSNC, GVAC, SMC, etc so that they can facilitate process of rights and entitlement of the targeted population.

It is a matter of concern that along with the process of initiating Self Help, the organization intends to promote the "Intake process" of entitlements and privileges which will not only help them to get the benefits of development programmes of Govt. but also ensure them to gain benefit for some of the exclusive programmes by Govt. that has been meant for the development of Paharias

This will ensure involvement of women from backward communities & disadvantaged groups and help them put forth their demand

in respective committees, can enable women to play the role of Pressure Group, improve their access to services, improve and increase their intake capacity and can promote a role model in pursuing early disposal of different issues of social discrimination, atrocities on women, deprivation of women etc. in coordination with competent authority.

### **5) Interventions with PRI and in Gram Sabhas.**

PRI and Gram Sabhas of the localities adopt resolutions (8) with regards to climate change adaptation and nature conservation including community forest rights and allocate budgets for the maintenance of the "commons properties" created by the project.

Jharkhand had its first Panchayat Election during 2009. However, even though PRIs are formed since 2010, they are still too ineffective and weak as People's Body. The Project Holder will mobilize beneficiaries to participate in Gram Sabhas, will have interaction with PRIs and will pursue them to pass the local issues in the Sabha to ensure proper action at Block and District level.

PRIs and Beneficiaries will ensure passing resolution on environment issues, in particular, with reference to provision of Fund for Conservation and Maintenance of Common Property Resources that is available and more particular that has been developed through project intervention.

### **Community Centre at Domidih**

Due to lack of infrastructure in the nearby locality, a Community Centre has been proposed to be constructed at Domidih which will enable the Project team to have an office, conduct trainings and meetings and this centre will also serve as a place where Government officials can also visit and hold interactions with the Pahariya Communities



**WRT of Talvita P. Tola**



**Dova**



**Celebration**

## **ARSH (Adolescent Reproductive & Sexual Health)**

Project improved the knowledge / awareness level of adolescent girls, women, newlywed couple and caretakers of adolescent girls along with service providers regarding Adolescent Reproductive Sexual Health issues. Program increased the understanding of ARSH issues on positive nutrition practices, adopting appropriate nutritional behaviors & menstrual hygiene management among adolescent girls, women and newlywed couples.

Healthcare has been a primary concern in the tribal regions with low awareness of the population on good health practices, poor outreach of health services and socio cultural factors which act as a barrier to healthcare seeking behaviors. Since the early days, in the organization engaged in promoting good health practices, preventive and curative health as well as training of local health workers. This has resulted in improvement in levels of awareness amongst the communities especially on immunization and ante-natal care.

However, outreach of health services continue to be poor which impacts health outcomes. Badloa Foundation continues to engage with the women and expectant mothers and also works with government functionaries to achieve better health results in the community. Health projects supported by ChildFund have helped the organization to promote large scale awareness on antenatal care, neonatal care, immunization, Brest feeding and nutrition.

**Early Childhood Education & Development:-** Successful transition of DEV children from Pre-school to higher education by adoption of child friendly learning practices and making them capable of read, write to improve knowledge and better understanding in 21 villages of Jamtara district.

**ECC day celebration:** The environment of the young child influences the development of cognitive skills and emotional skills due to the

rapid brain growth that occurs in the early years. Studies have shown that high quality or any high rated preschools have a long term effect in improving the outcomes of a child.

Interface meeting with district or block level government official and Pre-school education: The purpose of interface meeting to connect the between government education officers to community's member, this interface meeting will bring lots of changes community members are belongs to backward areas and they are illiterate. Our community's member did not know who the officers are. One of the most matter is identified here Some Aanganwadi workers are did not take any interest to deliver any benefits to community child. But after the Interface meetings our CDPO madam MS. Chitra Yadav verbally assure us she must take necessary steps against the AWW worker and AWW will be deliver all facilities and schemes to community and childs

Meeting with parents on importance of preschool education: We organized one by one in every village. This meeting is conducted in 8 villages till now.

**Parents Capacity Building on low cost TLM:** This activity focused on how to use assistive technology to help children with disabilities. The real situation is that in many classes do not have any enough resource of teaching learning material with different needs. We introduce them how to use low cost or without cost material to make simple interactive whiteboard. This activity focused on making some interactive materials a low price or without price to help children.

**Selection and orientation of child reporter:** This Activity is conducted in Saharpura village. The main purpose of this activity to make a effective decision about a need his/her locally and write a effective note to local media either govt buddy.

Special support to 10th Exam Appearing Student through establishing of smart center and special classes for slow learner: we started the 06 coaching center at Raniganj, Kanchanbera, Saharpura, Bandajorea, Tetuliabhitta, and

Jorbhitta. To achieve the success we have enrolled total 173 children, Male 93, Female 80, Enrolled child 56, Sibling 49, and Non enrolled child 68. We are started tow smart center but late starting center & less salary Smart center not run successfully here.

**Workshop on BalSansad:** we organized a activity in our project area's Baal Sansad members they gather at one place and starts the meeting. We share the job and responsibilities of BalSansad and each and every post details how they can utilize their power.

**Capacity building to community member to monitor AWC/EWC:** This community is very low literate so they don't care about the facilities in AWC, sharing the agenda, how they can get his child's right from AWC, AWW have opened the proper time. AWW infrastructure mid-day mil quantity for child's, government schemes for child's and pregnant women's Immunization and etc.

**Study material support to class 10th student:** We identified to those all students who are unable to afford some text reference book, and we distribute the all books.

**RIP Classes:** Reading skills are important in every age and stage of life. From early learners, to advanced students, to adults in every phase of career and life, reading provides a means to learn new things, stay informed, make sound decisions, get things done, and explore new ideas, these new ideas is create from ChildFund India which is RIP. Reading is a learned skill, but good reading relies on more than how we were taught to read. It relies heavily on the brain's core abilities to handle the cognitive tasks associated with reading as well as.

**Library reading corner:** To create a classroom library get all supplies you need to create a magical reading corner for kids at school

**Child Club :** An important aspect of the education programme is building leadership capacities within children. Children of 6-14 years are organized to form child clubs which give them a

platform to learn, Share and take steps as active citizens in their villages. Staff of Badlao facilitates meeting in the child clubs where relevant child centric topics are taken up for discussion, children share their struggles and also extend support to their fellow children on education and other areas. Regular sports events are organized by the children which enhances their skills and gives rural children scope to engage in sports. 21 child clubs are functional in the villages which becomes a space for children to express and develop their capacities in the villages.

**Youth clubs:** Continuing to support through the development phase of a child to adult stage, the organization engages with youth through formation of youth clubs. This forum allows understanding the aspirations of tribal youth and supporting them to engage in a meaningful way in their society. Leadership development and counseling for livelihood choices are some of the important activities conducted in the youth clubs. With such platform, the organization is able to expose youth in the remote locations to mainstream development while also preparing them to play a meaningful role in the development of their villages.

**Health & Sanitation:** Health, hygiene and sanitation issues are now very much relevant for

societal development. Usually in this programme SHG, health volunteers, youth club, school children are engaged to ensure good hygiene and sanitation practices. They make people aware on the positive side of this practice and how it can combat the disease especially the water & vector borne disease. VWSC are looking after the matter. After continuous motivation, the villagers are now aware on the objectives and activities of Swachh Bharat Mission programme.

**Kitchen Garden:** Malnutrition and micro nutrient deficiencies is a common phenomenon among the women and children in the Santhalpargana region. Badlao Foundation apart from inculcating the communities with nutritional knowledge, it promoted kitchen garden concept to household level in order to change the food habits of the tribal communities so that they could lead the healthy and prosperous life. All the families are being mobilized to take care of promoting vegetable cultivation in their garden over the years. In the vegetable cultivation, more particularly given emphasis on green vegetables like brinjal, bitter melon, green gourd, pumpkin, ladies finger etc. They are encouraged and motivated to cultivate vegetables as per season. They are also promoted to make plants like papaya, drumstick, banana etc.

#### Box: Success Story

**B**andajoria Village is situated at Supaidih Panchayat of Jamtara Block in Jamtara District. This Village is 15-20kms away from District headquarter. The village has a total HH of 170 in which 168 STs and 2 OBCs HH. The total population is 890 in which 462 Women and 428 Male- including 48 no of adolescent girls. The sponsored families are 51 in count. The community members are mainly engaged in daily wage earning for their living. Due to the lack of proper irrigation system paddy cultivation is done only a single time in a year and In the village there is One Primary School, a middle School and Two AWCs and One PHC. In this village earlier the situation was very much worst. There was no awareness among the community members on personal hygiene and sanitation practices. People were not aware on using toilets and they were engaged in open defecation. The drainage system in that village was very poor & worst. In this regard a series of meetings were organised to create awareness among the community members. As a result of the collective discussion and the unanimous decision in the group meetings, the group leaders have given their effort on to create positive awareness good health and Sanitation practices along with their growing habits on cleanliness. The Adolescent Girls group were greatly inspired by the Swach Bharat Mission Program. They met the Chief of the Panchayat collectively with an application mentioned the requirement of toilet construction in their village. While submission of the application they also mentioned the health hazards in the area and constraints in daily life perspective of health concepts.

By their efforts the current position is the adolescent groups asked by the Mukhiya that they have to open Bank Accounts in their name and the decided amount for the toilet construction should transfer in the respective and designated bank account provided by them. Already they open the bank account and they are on the way to receive their demand.

# Strengthening Panchayats and Local Governance

This is one of the major thematic areas of Badlao Foundation with a sole objective for social inclusion and reduced poverty through improved public services through program in selected Districts of Jharkhand.”

Badlao also aims to improve quality, coverage and access to information regarding public services in education, health and nutrition and rural employment of four blocks of Jharkhand.

Innovative processes and best practices that address key constraints in information delivery, service provision and empowerment of self governance bodies are successfully standardized, demonstrated and replicated by state and district level authorities/service providers.

## 1. Initiative for transparent and accountable governance systems in Jharkhand: WHH PROJECT:

With support of European Union and Welt hunger hilfe Germany, we are working with a target of 10536 households with 52648 citizens in 50 villages. These villages have been selected in accordance to the back-ward district list, remoteness, vulnerability and low access to services.

### Project Target Groups

- Munda, Oraon and Santhal and primitive tribes such as Mal & Sauria Pahariya.
- Service providers, including teachers and headmasters of 23 primary and 17 middle schools, ASHAs and ANMs of 13 Health sub-centres and staff of 2 Public Health Centres, workers in 84 ICDS centres as well as employees of the line departments and
- PRI members of 10 Panchayats, 50 SMCs and 47 Village Health & Sanitation Committees.

Capacity Building of Public Service Provider and Functionaries: in four blocks are enhanced for better service delivery, transparency and accountability in education, health, nutrition as well as rural employment. Local self-governance

bodies (gram sabhas, panchayats and panchayat committee, SMCs) and youth leaders are activated and empowered for improved citizen participation, planning, management, monitoring and performance audits of public services

Village Development Committee (VDC): These have been formed within the provision of PRIs to act as pressure group to make policy makers and different service providing authorities accountable to the people. In fact they can monitor the duties and responsibilities of duty bearers for right holders. VDC are institutions in village level which is particularly responsible for all round village development activities. This committee includes village headman, influential & eminent person of the villages, AWW, ANM, school teachers, and also the educated and knowledgeable person who can chalk out the plan. These groups also mobilise the village resources.

PLA on Health and Nutrition: PLA on health and nutrition were exercised in 25 villages of the project intervention area. All together 185 PLA cycles were conducted in the villages in which 5031 participants including 1229 lactating mothers, 759 pregnant women and 783 other women of the communities had participated. During rolling out of PLA exercise in the communities the Anganwadi Workers and helpers, Sahiyas, members of village health sanitation and nutrition committees, members of school management committees, Gram Pradhan and other PRI representatives and adolescent girls of the communities were given special focus.

Rally on School Chale Chalaye Abhiyan: School Chale Chalaye Abhiyan is a mission of the government which starts every year in the month of April to identify the children who attained the age of 6 years and still out of school and enroll them in their nearby school.

Badlao conducted rally in 25 villages with the school children, Teachers and SMC members to mobilize the parents and guardians to enroll

their children in the school. We along with the teacher and SMC members also visited the house of such parents who were delaying to enroll their children and giving different excuses and helped to enroll those children.



### Some positive results of WHH project

- 658 Community meetings (including 185 PLA meetings, 59 VHSNC meetings,



243 Gram Sabhas and 171 SMC meeting) covered 16583 participants

- PLA cycle is being rolled out in 25 villages; ICT based Survey through AKVO FLOW done in 204 schools. Monitoring of the VHND is done by the VHSNCs with the help of Pictorial Assessment Tool in 84 AWCs, opening of MGNREGA SAHAYATA KENDRA at block premises.
- Flipbook has been circulated to the Govt Officials and villages as a tool for micro planning. The MGNREGA department has adopted the GPS technology to monitor the

implementation of the micro plan.

- Seven barefoot reporter are trained and 11 village level wall news paper initiated
- Community Radio Program in 20 Villages in 2 Phases at the rate of 10 village per phase is being done. playing episodes of 10 Topics related to MNREGA, ICDS, RTE, JSY, RTI etc
- PLA cycle is being rolled out in 25 villages and prepared SDP in 40 schools of which 39 have been submitted. Training of SMCs has been done in 48 schools which covered 230 members .
- SuchnaMitras have been identified from 50 villages and 100 SuchnaMitras were oriented on Different Govt. schemes, services, entitlements and Acts. They have been also oriented how to approach various govt departments and functionaries.
- 59 meetings have been done with 10 VHSNC members; 48 VHSNCs are monitoring the services on VHND in 84 ICDS centres.



### Media Coverage

# Johar Project

It is an initiative of JOHAR project to bridge the gap between government programs and the innocent rural people. It basically aimed to aware and educate rural tribal people and providing them hand holding support in accessing and taking benefits of public schemes.

**Public Information Centre (PIC)** The work of PIC is being appreciated by local community as well as district administration. During the year, PIC has drawn the attention of many government officials, MGNREGA assistance cell and other institutions. The popularity of PIC in the rural unreached villages is increasing day by day. The government officials are also supporting and appreciating the work of PIC. Due to growing popularity and improvement in quality of service delivery, people have demanded for opening another PIC at another area. Considering their demand the project has started a PIC extension center, for providing better services to them. Presently we are trying to expand the area of Public Information Centre (PIC) by merging it with the MGNREGA Help centre.

**Formation of CBOs:** to organize the tribes in the project area is another strategy to empower them. And thus 30 CBOs have been constituted in Sundarpahari where 1646 males and 1103 females are members. Each CBO consists of 90 members among which 20 active and responsible members have formed an executive committee popularly known as “core committee”. These 20 members hold meeting every month, to discuss and act upon community issues. Each core committee consists of 3 office bearers commonly known as President, Vice president and Secretary. The CBOs are operating saving bank accounts and an annual membership fee of Rs.10/- has been agreed for each member in the CBO. In every meeting of the CBO, the members come up with certain issue of the community to discuss and bring solution. Where necessary the committee acts upon the issues or advocates at different level of administration. The CBOs are given training on different issues like; public

schemes, advocacy, social audits etc..... to build their capacity to monitor ongoing government schemes at their community level.

## Box: Employment Generation :

- Cumulative number of HH whose Job cards have been issued - 14437 (SC-548, ST-9390, Others-4499)
- Cumulative number of HH has been provided employment- HH-6940, Persons-8532
- Cumulative Person days has been generated-179789 (SC-7657, ST-118073, Others-54059) and Women-47465.

## Box: Key Achievements

- In 30 villages 181 “Dobha”, 22 Water Harvesting tanks & Land labeling in 39 Acre.
- Total Man-days created in 30 villages happens to be 181319. Six SHGs have been selected through Gram Sabhas for “Mukhya Mantri Anusuchit Jan Jati Gram Vikas Yojna”. They were entitled for 1 Lakh Rupees each.
- 30 literate yet unemployed youth (Both male & Female) were also selected through Gram Sabha under “Mukhya Mantri Anusuchit Jan Jati Gram Vikas Yojna” and they have been entitled for Rupees 2 Lakh each.
- CBO Members of primitive tribal group met District Commissioner (DC) to share their problem related to drinking water.
- Video documentation on PIC activities are being telecast by Ranchi Doordarshan
- 108 Pregnant women have undergone for institutional delivery and got incentive of Rs.1,51,200/-
- 24 women MATE have been selected from different SHGs under MNREGA.TRF/ CBO/SHG members actively took part in Yojna Banao Abhiyan (YBA) as members of Panchayat Planning Team.
- A total no of 612 toilets have been constructed in Tilabad Panchayat under Swachh Bharat Mission.
- By the effort of CBO, 53 school dropout children were readmitted to the school under “School Chalo Abhiyan” (08.04.16-30.04.16.
- 124 Forest dweller received patta through Forest right Act.

**Table: Period-wise employment provided for FY2016-17:**

Attendance	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100	>100
HH	910	2149	1809	822	691	269	110	96	83	01	00
Person days	5871	30319	46524	29222	30907	15166	7373	7097	7210	100	00

**Box: Success Story**

**Village:** BadaKalajhar, BaijalTolaGP:Tilabad Block- Sundarpahari, District- Godda: MarangmoyHansda residing at BadaKalajharBaijaltola which is a small hamlet situated about 3 km. away from the Sunderpahari block where she lives with her husband and children and parents in-law in a small mud built tiled house. Her son and a daughter are studying in government school and the youngest daughter is studying in a Missionary school. They have 3 acres of land and they depend on it through rain fed agriculture.

A Self Help Group was formed in the year 2014 by the name of “MahilaSabha at Baijaltola” by Badlao Foundation, and marangmaya became a member. Regular trainings were imparted to the members of the group by JOHAR staff and the group was linked with NRLM. Marangmay is very active and she is participating in all training programs.

Before the intervention of PROJECT JOHAR in their village, they had a tough time. The food produced from their land was insufficient. They were dependent on the land lords and money lenders. In order to repay the loan they used to give the land in mortgage to the master. They never sent their children to school. Due to poor hygienic practices they used to suffer with health hazards. When Marangmay became a member of SHG she underwent various trainings. She gradually developed a habit of saving. Apart from saving in the SHG she made a personal saving of Rs. 3260/- Her family were cultivating only Kharif Crops but in the last year she started vegetable cultivation like- Brinjal, tomato, chilli, cabage, mustard etc..... in small scale and made a good profit. This year the group got an amount of Rs. 15000/- from NRLM as monetary aid. So Marangmay took a loan amount of Rs. 2000/- and added Rs. 2000 more from her personal saving to make a total capital of Rs. 4000/- which she invested in vegetable cultivation. Apart from green vegetables she is also cultivating potatoes on a large scale and thus she is making continuous profit from vegetable cultivation.

Expressing her gratitude, she says, “JOHAR has transformed my life and my thinking”. I achieved all these only because of training and support rendered to us by JOHAR. Otherwise I would have been the same as I used to be. Thank you JOHAR”...

Now she is busy with her business and sending her children to school. She is maintaining good hygiene and sanitation practices with dignified life. She dreams of changing the scenario of her village and wants every woman to grow vegetables in their houses.



**Seed support for sustainable agriculture and harvesting**



**CBO Meeting**



**Gram Sabha Meeting**



**Water Conservation structure**



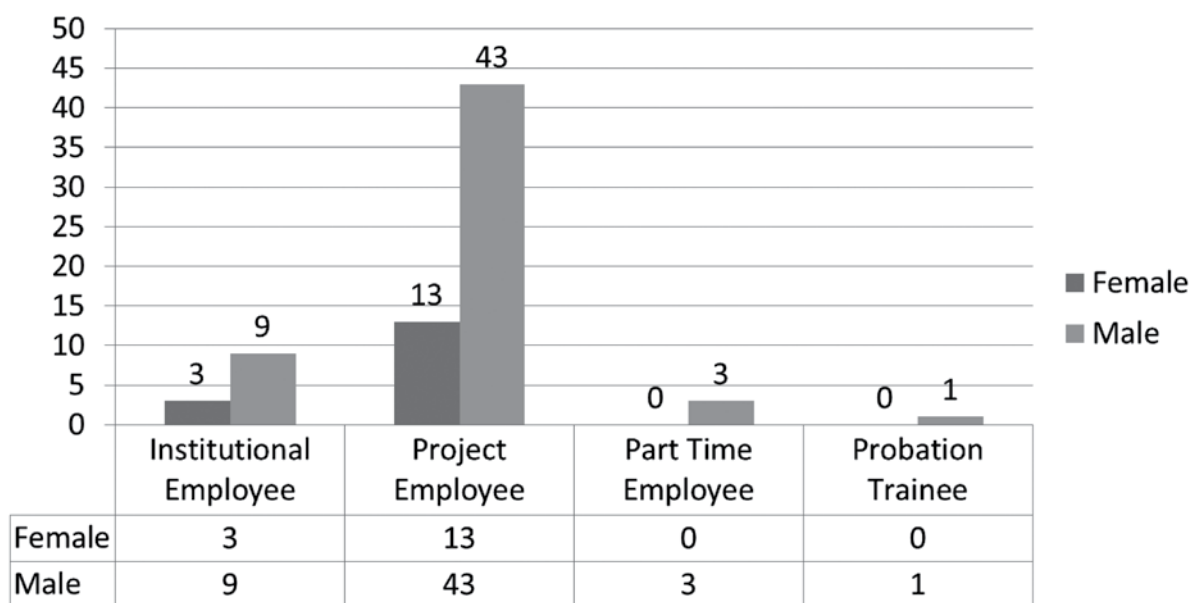
**Sushila Moormu making pattal plates**

# Organizational Structure

## HUMAN RESOURCE AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

It is being continued in our organization with an emphasis to give more capacity building training for proper implementation and execution of the projects along with all round development of the organization. During the year no. of capacity building session have been organized along with motivational exercise to boost up the staffs spirit. The training progragrmme were organized in the different centre like korapara, Kewatjali according to the need of the different projects.

The HR department is also responsible for administration of staff attendance, their leave, conveyance and also the proper utilization of the asset. Timely insurance renewal of the vehicle, its income and expenditure are documented. The purchasecommittee and finance committee meetings are held regularly on time. . A functional Management Information System (MIS) along with the Assets Register are being maintained by HR department.



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(Labor and Social welfare)  
35 Yrs. in Community  
organization & Livelihood  
Promotion



**Raghupati**

M.A.

Gandhian Thought  
36 Yrs. -Community Organization  
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**Prof. S.K. Srivastav**

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41 Yrs. Experience in Education &  
Human Resource



**Mahindra Dubey**

Civil (Engineering 36 Yrs. in Agriculture & P.R.A Expert)

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## Core Executive Team :



**Asha Rathor**

M.A.

Gandhian Thought;  
21 Years in Community  
Mobilization



**Rajesh Yadav**

B.A.

20 Years in Natural Resource  
Management (NRM) and promotion  
of Sustainable Livelihood (SL)



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## ANNEX:

# The report of celebration event of the 35 years of Badlao Foundation

Badlao” which literally means “Change”. It began its journey in the year 1982 by working with the “displaced families who were ousted from their villages after the construction of “Maithon Dam” on river Barakar, in erstwhile State of Bihar. Realizing the need to uplift and empower the deprived and marginalized people, Bajrang Singh, a social activist, along with some of his associates started working for these communities who were mostly from Tribal communities of Santhals, Pahariyas and Bauries.

This year, the Badlao Foundation has completed its journey of 35 years, on 11th of November 2016. These have been successful 35 years of hard work for the welfare of the underprivileged communities who are in need of support.

We organized two days celebration event on 11th and 12th November 2016. This is popularly named as ‘Foundation day celebration of BADLAO’. Many eminent persons, Social Activists, Dignitaries, Govt. officials, PRI leaders, Board Members, Staff, and Volunteers participated in this celebration event.

The guests were honored on the stage by a Memento with a logo of “35” Celebration of Badlao Foundation. After felicitation of different social workers, freedom fighters and other eminent persons, the founder Secretary Mr. Bajrang Singh gave his welcome speech. He told the audience that “We get inspired to move forward due to your presence”. He said that he had started this initiative inspired by total revolution movement of 1974. Today, 35 years later the results were visible.

The introductory address was given by the Secretary of the Foundation Arvind, He narrated the journey of 35 years, which began

in the year 1982. He gave instances of how the activists of Badlao Foundation approached the underprivileged communities and common people of Santhalpargana region to make them aware of their rights, based on the philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi, Ram manohar Lohia and Jayprakash Narayan. He said during his speech:

“Badlao, in accordance to what its name suggests, has always aimed high towards a transformation in those who were previously known as backward class of our society. ‘BADLAO’ is a Urdu word which means ‘change’. So it has been our motive to change the society, leading it towards growth and development. We feel proud to say that we have been able to bring some of the underprivileged people into the mainstream of our society. However, we still have much more to do, to fulfill our objectives to uplift the weaker section of the people who have continued to remain socially and economically backward, despite 70 years of development in post-independence India. He narrated how, Badlao Foundation had been working to promote their livelihood security through implementing different projects, so that they can earn a living and maintain a dignified life. The organization has helped them to realize their own potentials and capabilities.

We had aimed to improve the condition of the tribals who form a considerable part of the population of our state. Today, we feel proud that we have been a source of inspiration to a number of other organizations in this region who have been doing some good work for the marginalized sections of our society. Badlao Foundation has been a role model for many, and we still hope to be the same for many more. That is why, we aim to excel in whatever task we undertake to do.

Today, Badlao Foundation is one of the

leading organizations in the Tribal State of Jharkhand, India. It is committed to work for the marginalized and socially excluded communities of Santhal Pargana region of the State. . We are working towards access to improved health, education, self-help promotion, and participation in self-Governance, promotion of eco-friendly environment, village sanitation programme, and better return from agriculture for livelihood promotion and also to enhance the standard of living of our target communities through women and youth led development. Our organization has its own principled stand in rural and tribal community development through sustainable agriculture, health, hygiene and nutrition development, vocational training to the youth and above all, livelihood promotion for our target populace. The right mix-up of social work and social activism has ensured our reputation and philosophy. The vision, philosophy and ideals of the founder members have now percolated to the community people. This has also been instrumental in attracting eminent persons, academicians, intellectuals, media persons and Government officials to associate themselves with the work of Badlao Foundation. Their continuous intellectual and moral support to our organization has helped us to stand firm through thick and thin of many grass root challenges in this zig- zag journey of 35 long years. .

He informed the audience of the grass root experience of the work in this area to ensure self- employment & livelihood programmes amongst these communities and how the organic agriculture is become a prime source to achieve the food security. He also told that in the initiation stage Badlao Foundation was started with one village at Kewatjali and now it has reached to the 60000 families. Now 600 women from 883 villages established Mutual Benefit trust(MBT) and through MBTs 10000 women are succeeded to their livelihood option. Under the flagship programme of education Badlao started IGNOU

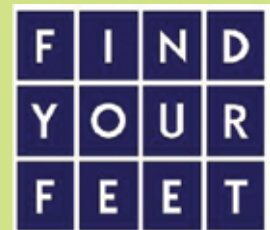
study centre from which 8770 students are being completed their Graduation and post Graduation degrees and diplomas. The Foundation also started National school of open schooling (NIOS) and around 3000 students from marginalized families have completed their 10th standard of education.

Mr. Manoj Kumar Singh the Superintendent of Police, Jamtara, while delivering his message, he told that peoples participation is the key for social change. He compared the Socio economic condition of now and 35 years back. He appreciated and praised Badlao for its noble work and also the pattern of execution to touch all the dimension of their developmental work. Finally he conveyed his gratitude to the founder secretary Mr. Bajrang Singh for his noble work which he started 35 years back.

Mr. Ramesh kumar Dubey, the Deputy Commissioner of Jamtara delivered his foundation day message as a chief guest by defining the theory of Rousseau on state of contact. Rousseau defined social contact that "The agreement with the state of nature is it will do the benefit for all without any inequalities and discrimination". Gradually the state of nature become hereditary, movement started to protest the system. The NGOs came into force for social development. Finally he conveyed his gratitude to Mr. Bajrang Singh as a visionary and also his outstanding life time work for the people of Santhal Parganas.

After that, many dignitaries and eminent person delivered their speeches. They included K.B. Sahay, Dr. Kumud, Viswanath Bagi, Awdesh Kumar, Akhtar Hussain, Pujya Prakash, Prof. Yogendralal Das, Prof. Manohar Lal, Prof. Anirudh Prasad, Dr. C.S.P Singh, Mr. Pradip Kumar, Mrs. Bitiya Murmu, Mrs. Emani Murmu, Mrs. Asha Rathore, Mr. Suresh Das, Mrs. Baby Sarkar, Mrs. Sabita Rai and many others. The two days ceremony was concluded with a colorful evening & entertainment programme.

# OUR PARTNERS



# OUR ACTIVITIES

